

Alan Watts Become What You Are

Alan Watts: Become What You Are - A Journey into Self-Realization and Inner Freedom

Alan Watts become what you are is a phrase that encapsulates the core of Watts' philosophical teachings—encouraging individuals to discover and embrace their true nature. As a renowned British philosopher, writer, and speaker, Watts dedicated his life to exploring the mysteries of consciousness, spirituality, and the human experience. His insights continue to inspire millions seeking a deeper understanding of themselves and their place in the universe. In this article, we will delve into the meaning of "become what you are" according to Alan Watts, exploring its significance, practical applications, and how it can lead to a more authentic and fulfilling life.

Understanding the Philosophy of "Become What You Are"

The Origin of the Phrase

The phrase "become what you are" is often attributed to the philosopher Carl Jung, but Alan Watts popularized and expanded upon its meaning within the context of Eastern philosophy and Western psychology. Watts interpreted this idea as an invitation to transcend social masks, societal expectations, and superficial identities to uncover one's true self.

Core Principles Behind the Concept

1. **Authenticity:** Embracing your true nature without pretense.
2. **Self-awareness:** Recognizing your inherent qualities, desires, and limitations.
3. **Acceptance:** Accepting yourself fully, including imperfections and contradictions.
4. **Inner harmony:** Achieving a state of peace by aligning with your authentic self.

Alan Watts' Perspective on Self-Realization

The Illusion of the Separate Self

One of Watts' fundamental teachings is that the sense of being a separate, isolated ego is an illusion. He argued that the self is not a distinct entity but an interconnected part of the universe. Recognizing this interconnectedness is essential to becoming what you truly are.

The Concept of the Self as a Process

Watts viewed self-realization as a continuous process rather than a fixed state. Instead of striving for a static identity, he encouraged embracing change and evolution as natural aspects of life. This perspective

fosters openness, curiosity, and acceptance of oneself in all phases of life.

The Role of Mindfulness and Presence

For Watts, being present in the moment is key to understanding and embodying your true nature. Mindfulness helps dissolve the illusions created by the mind and ego, allowing you to experience reality directly and authentically.

Practical Steps to "Become What You Are" According to Alan Watts

1. Cultivate Self-Awareness

Begin by observing your thoughts, emotions, and behaviors without judgment. Journaling, meditation, and reflective practices can help you identify your true desires and tendencies. Ask yourself:

1. What are my genuine interests?
2. What beliefs do I hold that are imposed by society?
3. Where do I feel most alive and authentic?

2. Practice Mindfulness and Presence

Engage in daily mindfulness exercises such as meditation, breathing techniques, or simply paying attention to your surroundings. Being present helps you connect with your inner self and reduces the influence of ego-driven narratives.

3. Let Go of Social Masks and Expectations

Identify the roles and identities you adopt to gain approval or fit in. Question whether these masks truly represent who you are. Gradually, allow yourself to shed superficial identities and express your authentic self.

4. Embrace Change and Impermanence

Recognize that life is dynamic, and so are you. Instead of resisting change, see it as an opportunity for growth. Acceptance of impermanence aligns with Watts' teachings and fosters resilience and self-acceptance.

5. Connect with Nature and the Universe

Watts emphasized the importance of experiencing the interconnectedness of all things. Spending time in nature, observing the cosmos, or engaging in creative pursuits can deepen your understanding of your place in the universe.

6. Engage in Philosophical and Spiritual Inquiry

Read Watts' works and other spiritual teachings to expand your understanding. Reflect on concepts such as non-duality, consciousness, and the nature of reality.

The Benefits of Becoming What You Are

1. Inner Peace and Contentment

By embracing your true self, you reduce inner conflicts and find a sense of peace that persists despite external circumstances.

2. Greater Authenticity and Fulfillment

Living authentically leads to more meaningful relationships, creative expression, and a life aligned with your core values.

3. Reduced Stress and Anxiety

Acceptance of yourself and the world around you diminishes anxieties rooted in fear, judgment, and the need for approval.

4. Enhanced Personal Growth

Recognizing your true nature opens pathways for personal development, learning, and spiritual evolution.

Applying Alan Watts' Teachings in Daily Life

Mindful Living

Incorporate mindfulness into everyday activities—whether it's eating, walking, or working—to stay connected with the present moment and your authentic self.

Self-Compassion

Practice kindness toward yourself, recognizing that imperfections are natural and part of the human experience. This fosters self-acceptance and growth.

Creative Expression

Engage in art, music, writing, or other creative pursuits that resonate with your inner self. Creativity is a powerful pathway to discovering and expressing who you truly are.

Community and Connection

Surround yourself with like-minded individuals who support authentic living and share similar spiritual or philosophical interests.

Conclusion: Embrace Your True Nature with Alan Watts' Wisdom

Alan Watts' teachings on "become what you are" serve as a profound reminder that the journey toward self-realization is ongoing and deeply personal. By shedding societal masks, cultivating mindfulness, and embracing impermanence, you can align more closely with your authentic self. This alignment not only leads to inner peace and fulfillment but also enhances your ability to navigate life's challenges with resilience and grace. Remember, the path to becoming what you are is not about reaching a destination but about continuously unfolding into your true nature. Embark on this journey with curiosity, compassion, and openness, and experience the transformative power of living authentically.

Alan Watts Become What You Are: An In-Depth Exploration of His Philosophy and Legacy

In the realm of philosophical thought and spiritual exploration, few figures have left as profound an imprint as Alan Watts. Renowned for his eloquent articulation of Eastern philosophies to Western audiences, Watts's teachings continue to resonate decades after his passing. Among his most enduring messages is encapsulated in the phrase "Become What You Are," a guiding principle that invites individuals to realize their authentic selves beyond societal conditioning and superficial identities. This investigative article delves into the origins, interpretations, and enduring relevance of Watts's philosophy centered around this phrase, offering a comprehensive analysis suitable for scholars, practitioners, and curious readers alike.

The Origins of "Become What You Are"

Alan Watts: A Brief Biography

Born in 1915 in England, Alan Watts was a philosopher, writer, and speaker who dedicated his life to bridging Eastern thought and Western culture. His extensive works, including *The Wisdom of Insecurity*, *The Book: On the Taboo Against Knowing Who You Are*, and numerous lectures, have established him as a seminal figure in spiritual literature.

The Genesis of the Phrase

While Watts did not originate the phrase "Become What You Are" in a singular, traceable utterance, it encapsulates core themes present throughout his teachings. The phrase often appears in paraphrases and summaries of his ideas, embodying his emphasis on self-awareness, authenticity, and the dissolution of false identities. It echoes sentiments from Zen Buddhism, Taoism, and Advaita Vedanta, all of which Watts studied extensively.

The phrase can be seen as a distillation of Watts's core message: that true fulfillment arises from realizing one's innate nature, beyond societal masks and conceptual limitations.

Dissecting the Philosophy Behind "Become What You Are"

The Illusion of the Separate Self

One of Watts's central teachings is that the sense of a separate, isolated self is an illusion — a mental construct reinforced by language, culture, and personal conditioning.

1. The Self as an Illusion: Watts argued that the idea of a fixed, autonomous ego is a mental fabrication. Instead, he emphasized an interconnected reality where individual identity is a temporary manifestation of the universe itself.
1. The "Skin-Encapsulated Ego": Borrowed from William James, Watts described the ego as a boundary that separates "self" from "other," creating the illusion of separateness.

The Call to Authenticity

"Become What You Are" urges individuals to shed societal masks and reconnect with their true nature.

1. Authentic Self vs. Social Persona: Watts distinguished between the superficial persona adopted to navigate social expectations and the deeper, authentic self that is rooted in the universe.
1. Inner Realization: The path involves introspection, meditation, and mindfulness practices aimed at perceiving the self beyond labels and narratives.

Embracing the Present Moment

A recurring theme in Watts's teachings is the importance of living fully in the present.

1. Insecurity and Anxiety: Watts believed that anxiety stems from an attachment to future outcomes or regrets about the past, diverting us from the present moment where our true self resides.
1. Surrender to Being: By embracing the present, individuals can dissolve the illusion of separateness and realize their inherent unity with the cosmos.

Practical Implications of the Philosophy

Self-Discovery and Personal Growth

Watts's teachings provide a roadmap for personal development:

1. Question societal conditioning: Recognize and challenge beliefs and roles imposed by external authority figures, culture, and media.
1. Engage in meditation and mindfulness: Cultivate awareness of the present and observe the transient nature of thoughts and feelings.
1. Seek experiential understanding: Move beyond intellectual comprehension to embodied realization of one's true nature.

Spiritual Practices and Lifestyle

While Watts was not a proponent of organized religion, he advocated for experiential spirituality:

1. Meditation: Regular practice to quiet the mind and observe the self's true nature.
1. Contemplative Reading: Engaging with philosophical texts that challenge perceptions of reality.

1. Creative Expression: Art, music, and dance as means of connecting with the authentic self.

Critical Perspectives and Interpretations

The Challenge of Self-Realization

While Watts's message is inspiring, critics note that the path to "becoming what you are" can be elusive or misunderstood.

1. Potential for Self-Indulgence: Some argue that the focus on individual realization may neglect societal responsibilities.
1. Cultural Appropriation Concerns: Critics point out that Watts, as a Western interpreter of Eastern philosophies, sometimes simplified or romanticized complex traditions.

The Modern Relevance of Watts's Teachings

In an age of rapid technological change, social upheaval, and existential uncertainty, Watts's emphasis on authenticity and present-moment awareness remains pertinent:

1. Mental Health: Mindfulness and self-awareness are integral to managing anxiety and depression.
1. Identity Politics: Encourages transcending labels and superficial identities to find commonality beyond divisions.
1. Spiritual but Not Religious: Offers a spiritual framework free from dogma, appealing to secular audiences.

The Legacy of "Become What You Are"

Influence on Contemporary Thought

Watts's ideas have permeated various fields:

1. New Age Movement: His teachings underpin many modern spiritual practices emphasizing authenticity and self-awareness.
1. Psychology and Therapy: Concepts of mindfulness and self-acceptance draw from Watts's insights.
1. Philosophical Discourse: His integration of Eastern philosophy continues to inspire academic research and philosophical inquiry.

Cultural Impact

From popular podcasts to self-help books, the phrase "Become What You Are" and Watts's teachings inspire individuals to pursue genuine self-discovery.

Summary and Reflection

Alan Watts's maxim "Become What You Are" encapsulates a timeless call to authenticity, urging us to shed societal masks and realize our innate connection with the universe. Rooted in Eastern philosophies and expressed through his eloquent, accessible language, Watts's philosophy invites individuals to embark on a journey of inner discovery, mindfulness, and acceptance.

In a world rife with distraction and superficiality, Watts's message remains profoundly relevant. It

challenges us to question our identities, embrace the present moment, and recognize that our true nature is not separate but an integral part of the cosmos.

Final Thoughts

Understanding “Become What You Are” through the lens of Alan Watts’s teachings offers a pathway to deeper self-awareness and fulfillment. It encourages us to look beyond the illusions of ego and societal expectations and to embrace the fluid, interconnected reality of existence. Whether one approaches this philosophy from a spiritual, psychological, or philosophical perspective, it provides a compelling invitation to live authentically and consciously.

In essence, Watts’s phrase is more than just a motto—it is a call to awakening, a reminder that the journey to self-realization is the most vital voyage of all.

Questions & Answers About alan watts become what you are

No	Question	Answer
1	What is the main message of Alan Watts' 'Become What You Are'?	The main message is to embrace your true nature and live authentically, recognizing that you are already complete and do not need to seek external validation or change yourself to find happiness.
2	How does Alan Watts suggest we achieve self-awareness in 'Become What You Are'?	Watts emphasizes the importance of mindfulness, letting go of ego-driven desires, and understanding the interconnectedness of all things to realize your true nature.
3	What philosophical traditions does 'Become What You Are' draw upon?	The talk incorporates ideas from Zen Buddhism, Taoism, and Western philosophy, encouraging a holistic view of self and reality.
4	How can 'Become What You Are' help someone struggling with identity or purpose?	It offers insights on accepting oneself fully and understanding that purpose often arises from embracing one's inherent nature, reducing feelings of inadequacy or confusion.
5	Is 'Become What You Are' suitable for beginners interested in philosophy and spirituality?	Yes, the concepts are presented in an accessible way, making it suitable for beginners exploring personal growth and spiritual understanding.
6	What are some practical takeaways from 'Become What You Are'?	Practices such as mindfulness, meditation, and embracing the present moment are encouraged to help individuals connect with their true selves.
7	How does Alan Watts describe the concept of ego in 'Become What You Are'?	Watts views the ego as an illusion that separates us from our true nature, advocating for transcending ego-based identities to experience unity with the universe.
8	Why is 'Become What You Are' considered a timeless philosophical message?	Because it addresses universal themes of self-acceptance, consciousness, and the nature of reality that remain relevant across cultures and eras.

9	Can 'Become What You Are' be applied to modern mental health practices?	Yes, its emphasis on mindfulness and self-awareness aligns with contemporary approaches like meditation and acceptance-based therapies.
10	Where can I listen to or watch 'Become What You Are'?	You can find recordings of Alan Watts' lectures, including 'Become What You Are,' on platforms like YouTube, official podcast channels, and audiobook services.

Alan Watts, Become What You Are, self-awareness, mindfulness, spiritual awakening, Eastern philosophy, personal growth, consciousness, mindfulness meditation, self-discovery